5 Queensborough Terrace



Job number:	но
Date method issued:	Monday 1 st July 2024
Revision:	0

Client:	GEM
Site address:	5 Queensborough Terrace London W2 3TA

Prepared by:	Luke Mulvey	Date:
	Contracts Director	01.07.2024

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Project Directory 1

Client contact details

Name

GEM **Environmental Building Services LTD**

Client address

Mulalley 1 Torriano Mews Kentish Town London NW5 2RZ

Contact: David Slater T: 0208 985 0409 M: 07779 120 506

E: David.slater@gemebs.com

Other organisations

Principal Contractor

Logan Construction

Licensed Scaffolder Not required for these works

Analytical Laboratory

Airtech Analysis Limited

298 Ongar Road Writtle Chelmsford CM1 3NZ

Contact:

T: 01268 562 645

E: Info@airtech.org.uk

Contracted to:

AA Woods

AA Woods site attendance

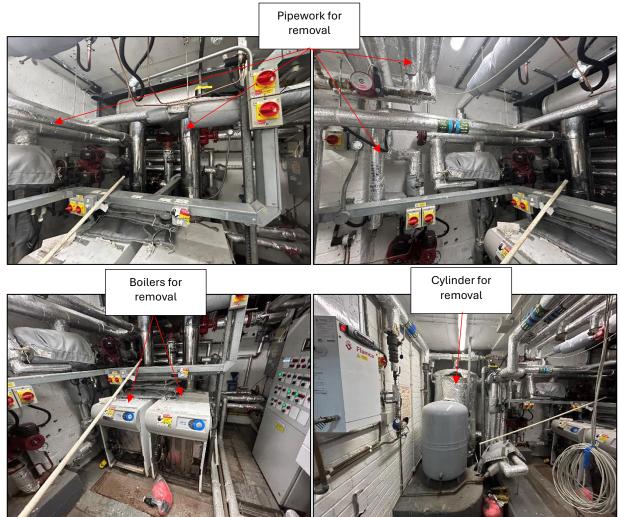
Site Supervisor	Contracts Director	Health & Safety Manager
Tony Willing	Luke Mulvey	Gary Bambury
07738 196 294	07957 569 059	07387 108 690
On site at all times	On site periodically or available via mobile phone	Unannounced visits to undertake site inspections or safety tours and / or audits or available via mobile phone
1 x Site Supervisor ar	nd 2 x Operatives	Names are recorded on the site register

Number of Employees on site:

2 Scope of Work

To remove and dispose of approximately 70 linear meters of 4" pipework lagged in MMMF insulation using the 'wrap & cut' methodology, the removal and disposal of 2no. boilers and 1 no. water cylinder. Once removed the encapsulation and residues to the walls and ceiling within the boiler room will be removed with needle guns from within the boiler room. This pipework will be isolated, drained down and purged by GEM prior to works commencing. These works will be undertaken under fully controlled conditions.

A small section of pipework will remain 'live' and must remain in-situ, this pipework will be identified with red and white tape.



Site attendance

Project start:	Monday 15 th July 2024
Project end:	Friday 26 th July 2024
Hours of work (Mon-Fri)	08:00 15:30hrs
Hours of work (Sat- Sun)	08:00 15:30hrs

3 Enclosure Construction

DCU requirements:

DCU(s)	Single	Double	Quad	Toilet	Welfare	Direct connection (Y/N)
DCU #1						
DCU #2						
DCU #3						
Modular #1	✓					N
Modular #2						
Modular #3						

The Site Supervisor must ensure that the DCU is set up in accordance with our **SOP's** please refer to section 11, page 54.

Location of DCU

The modular DCU will be sited within the old nursery main space for the duration of the works. State here (if applicable) the reasons why a direct connection is not possible: There is insufficient space to create a direct connection.



Location of Modular DCU

Enclosure construction

Each enclosure is to be formed in accordance with our Standard **operating procedures (SOP's)**, please refer to section 13, page 66.

Airlock requirements:

Airlock(s)	3x1m²	4x750mm	5x600mm	Single stage	Other please state	Other please state
Airlock #1		✓				
Airlock #2						
Airlock #3						

If you cannot install a minimum of 3 x 1m² airlock, state the reason here: N/A

Please refer to site diagram for location of airlock(s).

Airlocks to be formed in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 13, page 66.

Bag lock requirements:

Bag lock(s)	3x1m²	4x750mm	5x600mm	Single stage	Other please state	Other please state
Bag lock #1						
Bag lock #2						

If no bag lock, state the reason here: There is insufficient room to site a baglock

Air chamber requirements:

Air Chamber(s)	1x1m²	Other Please				
		state	state	state	state	state
Air Chamber #1						
Air Chamber #2						
Air Chamber #3						

NPU requirements:

NPU(s)	1500	1600	2000	4000	5000	Roving Head			Total bends	Total length (m) ①+②
NPU #1	✓					✓	4	0	2	4
NPU #2										
NPU #3										
NPU #4										
NPU #5										

Please refer to site diagram for location of NPU's.

NPU's to be selected in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 14, page 75.

Access and egress:

Will the works block a fire escape?				
Yes No				
	✓			

If yes, please refer to Risk Assessment (Job specific) section for further details

Enclosure supervision:

ссту	Vision panels
✓	✓

Communication between inside and outside of enclosure:

2-way radios	Verbal via airlock and / or vision panel	Other please state:
	✓	

Smoke test / Integrity test:

Options	•		Witnessed by: Analyst
Smoke Test	✓	✓	
Integrity Test			

Please state reason for Integrity test here: N/A

Smoke testing or integrity testing to be undertaken in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 13, page 66.

Negative pressure unit (NPU) calculation

1. NPU calculation undertaken at notification stage:

Volume	e of enclosure		Width (m)	Depth (m)	Height (m)	Volume (m³)
BOILE	BOILER ROOM		4.5m 0.75m	3.0m 0.75m	3.0m 2.0m	40.5m ³ 1.12m ³ 41.62m ³
Size of A	Airlock		0.75m	3.0m	2.0m	4.5m ³
Size of E	Bag lock					
	Air Chamber x 1					
	olume m³					46.12m ³
Minimu	m No. of air changes required: 1	0				
Total vo	lume m³ = <mark>46.12m³</mark> x 10 air cha	nges = 461.2 CMH <mark>*</mark>				
NPU red	duction <mark>***</mark>					
Total L/ı	m of ducting needed = 4 L/m @	1% reduction per L/m = 4 % reduction in	CMH			
		2% reduction her bend = 4 % reduction				
		Total = 8 % reduction in CMH				
Selecte	d NPU					
		Total number or NPU(s) required				
✓	1500 NPU = 2300 CMH	1				
	1600 NPU = 1600 CMH					
	2000 NPU = 2000 CMH					
	4000 NPU = 4000 CMH					
	5000 NPU = 5000 CMH					
Air chai	nges achieved:					
	MH less <mark>8</mark> % reduction in CMH =					
2116 CN	MH divided by volume of enclos	ure @ <mark>46.12m³ = 45.88</mark> air changes per h	our			

Notes:

A Three-Stage Airlock with a volume of 6m³ allows a maximum of 1500 CMH into an enclosure.

A Three-Stage Bag lock with a volume of 6m³ allows a maximum of 1500 CMH into an enclosure.

Therefore, depending on the enclosure set up additional airflow (CMH) may need to be allowed into the enclosure.

Therefore, depending on the enclosure set up additional airflow (CMH) may need to be allowed into the enclosure if the original airflow calculation (*) exceeds 1500 CMH or 3000 CMH (depending on your set up) to achieve the necessary air changes per hour. Air chamber(s) will need to be introduced.

For example, an Air Chamber with a volume of 2m³ allows a maximum of 4000 CMH into an enclosure. If you require an air chamber(s) then this must be accounted for when calculating the volume of the enclosure.

Pre-filters can also be placed within the enclosure wall. For guidance a 1500 pre-filter (with a weighted non-return flap) will allow between 100 and 200 CMH into an enclosure.

** Each enclosure must have a minimum of 1000 CMH drawn through the airlock to achieve the required air changes.

You must achieve a minimum of 10 air changes per hour. (For external soffit removal you must achieve a minimum of 20 air changes per hour.

Lay flat hosing can only vent to atmosphere in a straight line.

Cloth hosing must only be used inside an enclosure.

Foil hosing must be used when venting to atmosphere (so outside the enclosure).

*** If you are using roving head(s) then the maximum length of ducting (per roving head) the roving head will be extended to, must also be accounted for when calculating the NPU reduction.

2. NPU calculation undertaken prior to start date (using latest DOP test result): Note – if the NPU equipment is to be hired, then this task needs to be performed on-site)

Volume of enclosure		Width (m)	Depth (m)	Height (m)	Volume (m³)
BOILER ROOM		4.5m 0.75m	3.0m 0.75m	3.0m 2.0m	40.5m ³ 1.12m ³ 41.62m ³
Size of Airlock		0.75m	3.0m	2.0m	4.5m ³
Size of Bag lock					
Size of Air Chamber x 1					
Total Volume m³					46.12m ³
Minimum No. of air changes require				·	
Total volume m ³ = 46.12m ³ x 10 air c	hanges = <mark>461.2</mark> CMH <mark>*</mark>				
NPU reduction***					
	@ 1% reduction per L/m = 4 % reduction	in CMH			
	@ 2% reduction her bend = 4 % reduction				
Total No. of Bolido III ddolling 2110.	Total = 8 % reduction in CMI				
Selected NPU					
	Total number or NPU(s) required				
✓ 1500 NPU = 2300 CMH	1				
☐ 1600 NPU = 1600 CMH					
☐ 2000 NPU = 2000 CMH					
☐ 4000 NPU = 4000 CMH					
5000 NPU = 5000 CMH					
Selected NPU = 2300 @ XXXX CMH	(actual performance from latest DOP test	t). Serial Nu	mber XXXX		
Air changes achieved:					
XXXX CMH less 8 % reduction in CM					
XXXX CMH divided by volume of end	closure @ <mark>46.12</mark> m³ = XXXX air changes pe	er hour			

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Pre-filters can also be placed within the enclosure wall. For guidance a 1500 pre-filter (with a weighted non-return flap) will allow between 100 and 200 CMH into an enclosure.

** Each enclosure must have a minimum of 1000 CMH drawn through the airlock to achieve the required air changes.

You must achieve a minimum of 10 air changes per hour. (For external soffit removal you must achieve a minimum of 20 air changes per hour.

Lay flat hosing can only vent to atmosphere in a straight line.

Cloth hosing must only be used inside an enclosure.

Foil hosing must be used when venting to atmosphere (so outside the enclosure).

*** If you are using roving head(s) then the maximum length of ducting (per roving head) the roving head will be extended to, must also be accounted for when calculating the NPU reduction.

3. NPU calculation performed on site before enclosure goes 'live' using 5-point anemometer test (if NPU is not fitted with digital flow rate)

Volume of enclosure		Width (m)	Depth (m)	Height (m)	Volume (m³)
BOILER ROOM		4.5m 0.75m	3.0m 0.75m	3.0m 2.0m	40.5m ³ 1.12m ³ 41.62m ³
Size of Airlock		0.75m	3.0m	2.0m	4.5m ³
Size of Bag lock					
Size of Air Chamber x 1					3
Total Volume m ³					46.12m ³
Minimum No. of air changes required Total volume m ³ = 46.12m ³ x 10 air c					
10tat votume m = 40.12m x 10 an c	nanges – 401.2 CMH				
NPU reduction***					
	@ 1% reduction per L/m = <mark>4</mark> % reduction in (
Total No. of bends in ducting = 2 No.	@ 2% reduction her bend = 4 % reduction	in CMH			
Selected NPU	Total = 8 % reduction in CMH				
Selected NPO	Total number or NPU(s) required				
✓ 1500 NPU = 2300 CMH	1				
☐ 1600 NPU = 1600 CMH	•				
2000 NPU = 2000 CMH					
4000 NPU = 4000 CMH					
5000 NPU = 5000 CMH					
Point 1 Point 3			P	oint 5	Point 2

	NPU #1	NPU #2	NPU #3	NPU #4	NPU #5	
NPU serial number						
Air velocity at filter face (Air flow)						
Point 1 (Top left of NPU face)						
Point 2 (Top right of NPU face)						
Point 3 (Bottom left of NPU face)						
Point 4 (Bottom right of NPU face)						
Point 5 (Middle of NPU face)						
Total measured air velocity						
Average face velocity = Total measured air velocity divided by number of total measured air velocity points						
Per NPU	XXXX ÷ 5 =					
	XXXX m/s					

Filter face size (m²):

NPU 1500 is 0.37m x 0.37m = 0.137m²

NPU 1600 is $0.37m \times 0.37m = 0.137m^2$ NPU 2000 is $0.37m \times 0.37m = 0.137m^2$ NPU 4000 is $0.61m \times 0.61m = 0.3721m^2$

NPU 5000 is $0.61m \times 0.61m = 0.3721m^2$

	NPU #1	NPU #2	NPU #3	NPU #4	NPU #5
Air volume flow in m ³ /s = Average f	ace velocity multiplie	d by filter face :	size		
Per NPU	XXXX x 0.3721 =				
	XXXX m ³ /s				
Air volume flow in CMH = Air volum	ne flow in m³/s multipl	lied by number	of seconds in an h	our which is 3600	
Per NPU	XXXX x 3600 =				
	XXXX CMH				
Total of Air volume flow in CMH	XXXX CMH**	•	•		
Anemometer Air changes achieved	I = Total of Air volume	flow in CMH div	vided by volume of	enclosure	
	XXXX ÷ 46.12 m ³ =	= XXXX air chan	ges per hour		

Notes:

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A Three-Stage Bag lock with a volume of 6m³ allows a maximum of 1500 CMH into an enclosure.

Therefore, depending on the enclosure set up additional airflow (CMH) may need to be allowed into the enclosure if the original airflow calculation (*) exceeds 1500 CMH or 3000 CMH (depending on your set up) to achieve the necessary air changes per hour. Air chamber(s) will need to be introduced.

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Pre-filters can also be placed within the enclosure wall. For guidance a 1500 pre-filter (with a weighted non-return flap) will allow between 100 and 200 CMH into an enclosure.

** Each enclosure must have a minimum of 1000 CMH drawn through the airlock to achieve the required air changes.

You must achieve a minimum of 10 air changes per hour. (For external soffit removal you must achieve a minimum of 20 air changes per hour.

Lay flat hosing can only vent to atmosphere in a straight line.

Cloth hosing must only be used inside an enclosure.

Foil hosing must be used when venting to atmosphere (so outside the enclosure).

*** If you are using roving head(s) then the maximum length of ducting (per roving head) the roving head will be extended to, must also be accounted for when calculating the NPU reduction.

4. NPU calculation performed on site before enclosure goes 'live' using digital flow rate on NPU (if not fitted with digital flow rate, then the 5-point anemometer test is to be undertaken)

Volur	ne of enclosure		Width (m)	Depth (m)	Height (m)	Volume (m³)
BOI	LER ROOM		4.5m 0.75m	3.0m 0.75m	3.0m 2.0m	40.5m ³ 1.12m ³ 41.62m ³
Size c	of Airlock		0.75m	3.0m	2.0m	4.5m ³
Size c	of Bag lock					
	of Air Chamber x 1					
	Volume m³					46.12m ³
	num No. of air changes required					
Total	volume m³ = <mark>46.12m³</mark> x 10 air ch	nanges = <mark>461.2</mark> CMH <mark>*</mark>				
NPU	reduction <mark>***</mark>					
Total	L/m of ducting needed = 4 L/m (@ 1% reduction per L/m = 4 % reduction	on in CMH			
Total	No. of bends in ducting = 2 No.	@ 2% reduction her bend = 4 % reduc				
		Total = 8 % reduction in C	MH			
Selec	cted NPU					
		Total number or NPU(s) required				
✓	1500 NPU = 2300 CMH	1				
	1600 NPU = 1600 CMH					
	2000 NPU = 2000 CMH					
	4000 NPU = 4000 CMH					
	5000 NPU = 5000 CMH					
Selec	eted NPU = 1500 @ XXXX CMH (a	actual performance from digital flow ra	ate). Serial Nu	mber <mark>XXXX</mark>		
	nanges achieved:					
XXXX	CMH divided by volume of encl	osure @ 46.12m³ = XXXX air changes	per hour			

Notes:

A Three-Stage Airlock with a volume of 6m³ allows a maximum of 1500 CMH into an enclosure.

A Three-Stage Bag lock with a volume of 6m³ allows a maximum of 1500 CMH into an enclosure.

Therefore, depending on the enclosure set up additional airflow (CMH) may need to be allowed into the enclosure if the original airflow calculation (*) exceeds 1500 CMH or 3000 CMH (depending on your set up) to achieve the necessary air changes per hour. Air chamber(s) will need to be introduced.

For example, an Air Chamber with a volume of 2m³ allows a maximum of 4000 CMH into an enclosure. If you require an air chamber(s) then this must be accounted for when calculating the volume of the enclosure.

Pre-filters can also be placed within the enclosure wall. For guidance a 1500 pre-filter (with a weighted non-return flap) will allow between 100 and 200 CMH into an enclosure.

Each enclosure must have a minimum of 1000 CMH drawn through the airlock to achieve the required air changes.

You must achieve a minimum of 10 air changes per hour. (For external soffit removal you must achieve a minimum of 20 air changes per hour.

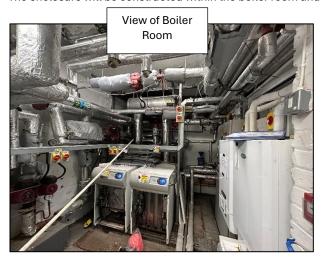
Lay flat hosing can only vent to atmosphere in a straight line.

Cloth hosing must only be used inside an enclosure.

Foil hosing must be used when venting to atmosphere (so outside the enclosure).

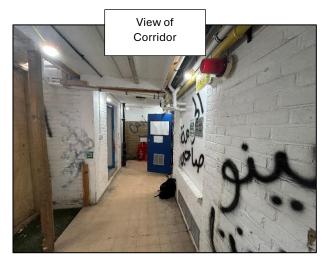
*** If you are using roving head(s) then the maximum length of ducting (per roving head) the roving head will be extended to, must also be accounted for when calculating the NPU reduction.

The enclosure will be constructed within the boiler room and corridor.



Any void areas present within the boiler room must be pre cleaned then sealed with expanding foam to create an air tight seal, the foam must be cut back neatly and flush once dried. Depending on the size of the penetration a mastic seal (smaller openings) or fire batt (larger openings) may be used.

A pod will be formed on the entrance to the boiler room using a 750mm x 750mm speed frame sheeted in 1000g polythene and sealed with cloth tape. This is where the airlock and NPU will be attached to the enclosure.



The electric distribution boards within the boiler room will be sheeted in 1000g polythene and sealed with cloth tape.

A vision panel will be installed within the pod wall, dirty and middle stages of the baglock.

CCTV will be installed within the enclosure.

4 Method of Removal

The Site Supervisor is to read the method of works and risk assessments together with appropriate toolbox talks and is to ensure that all Operatives sign the 'Acceptance of Method Statement Form' included within section 16 of these RAMS following their verbal confirmation that they fully understand the method of works and safe systems to be adopted throughout the project.

Prior to the commencement of any works the waste / transit route must be cleared of any trip hazards.

On completion of a satisfactory smoke test the Operatives can now don appropriate PPE and RPE and enter the enclosure.

Removal of boilers, pipework using wrap and cut methodology

The boiler casing will be removed, the boilers will then be unbolted and broke down. Each section of the boiler once removed will be wrapped in 1000g polythene and removed from the enclosure for disposal.

The cylinder will be cut into smaller sections using a reciprocating saw to enable the safe removal from the enclosure, once cut down the sections of the cylinder will be wrapped in 1000g polythene and sealed with cloth tape and removed from the enclosure for disposal.

The MMMF insulation will be suppressed using a water and surfactant mix via an airless sprayer, the MMMF insulation where the cut points are required to the pipework will be removed using a Stanley knife and placed directly into red asbestos waste sacks.

The now exposed pipe section will be cleaned with hand held wire brushes, scouring pads and metal doughnuts soaked in surfactant to remove any surface residues left behind prior to being cut at the pre-marked points and removed.

Once cleaned, the ends of the newly exposed pipe insulation on the sections to be removed will then be taped and sealed and the pipework wrapped in 1000g polythene.

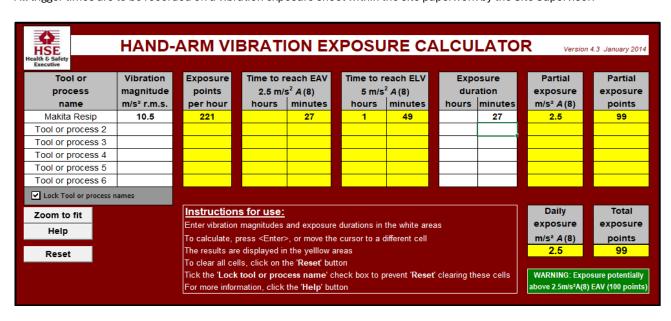
Drop sheets of flame-retardant polythene will be placed beneath the areas where removal is to commence

The 4" pipework weighs approximately 22kg per metre and will therefore be removed in circa 1m lengths. The Site Supervisor will make the decision on exactly where the cut points based upon the location of other services (if present).

The pipe work will then be cut using a reciprocating saw at the nominated cut points. The cutting process will be undertaken utilising a two-person team. One cutting the pipe and one holding the pipe.

The reciprocating saw has a vibration rating of 10.5m/s² meaning that Operatives can have a trigger time of 27 minutes before a rest period. A work rest regime will be in place when using the tool. Operatives will have 5 minutes on and 5 minutes off with a total trigger time not exceeding 1 hour 49 minutes per person per day.

All trigger times are to be recorded on a vibration exposure sheet within the site paperwork by the Site Supervisor.



Each section will be lowered to the ground, wrapped again in polythene and labelled as hazardous waste.

The hangers to the pipework are also to be removed, Operatives will suppress the area around the fixing point within the wall then remove the fixing with the required hand tools or reciprocating saw and place the hanger within an asbestos waste bag. Where hangers are fixed within the wall the hanger will be cut utilising a reciprocating saw.

During all of the work procedures the atmosphere and surfaces being stripped will be lightly sprayed with a fine water surfactant mist via an airless sprayer to suppress any potential fibre release.

Waste materials must be bagged immediately following their removal. Waste must not be allowed to accumulate unsealed within enclosures.

Insulation residues to walls & ceilings/ needle gun removal

In preparation, all the exposed brickwork to the walls will be firstly scrapped back with the aid of 3" hand held scrapers to a sound surface with any asbestos residues, lumps and/or bumps removed as far as reasonably practicable from the surface of the walls before needle gunning.

Asbestos residues to the walls and ceilings shall now be removed with the use of low vibration needle guns.

Operatives shall wear anti vibration gloves and ear defenders. The needle gun compressor shall be positioned outside the enclosure near the airlock system. The bagging / hosing from the compressor shall be fed into a manifold system located inside the enclosure and from this manifold, further hosing will feed the needle guns.

A polythene drop sheet is to be placed below the working area to catch any falling dust / debris. The debris within the drop sheet is to be removed at regular intervals with the aid of an H type vacuum. At the end of each working shift the drop sheet is to be removed and disposed of as hazardous waste.

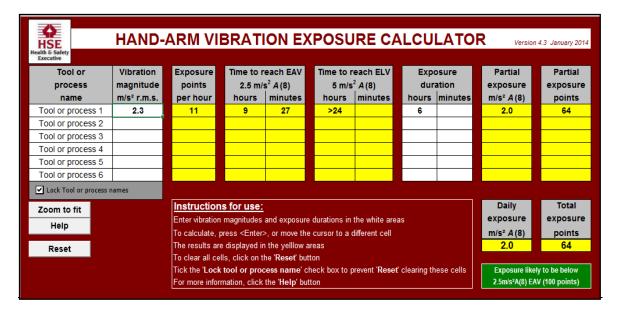
During all of the work procedures the atmosphere and surfaces being stripped will be lightly sprayed with a fine water surfactant mist to control any potential fibre release.

Waste materials must be bagged immediately following their removal.

This needle gun process will be repeated until all of the residues to the walls have been removed.

The needle gun has a vibration rating of 2.3m/s2 meaning an Operatives can have a total trigger time of 9 hours 27 minutes per shift. However, a work rest regime will still be in place when using the tool. Operatives will have 45 minutes on and 15 minutes off with a total trigger time not exceeding 6 hours per day.

All trigger times are to be recorded on a vibration exposure sheet held within the site paperwork by the Site Supervisor.



Fine clean

Following the removal, the enclosure will be subjected to fine cleaning using H type vacuum cleaning equipment and tak rags to remove any remaining surface dust and debris. Operatives will commence at the top of the enclosure and work down to the floor area, ensuring all ledges and hard to reach areas are cleaned.

The floor will be the final area to be vacuumed through.

Following the dry clean all surfaces will then be lightly washed down with a fibre suppressant via a hand-held airless sprayer. Operatives will commence at the top of the enclosure and work down to the floor area, ensuring all ledges and hard to reach areas are cleaned.

The floor will be the final area to be lightly washed through, with excess water being removed with rags. All rags will be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Waste materials must be bagged immediately following their removal. Waste will not be allowed to accumulate unsealed inside enclosures.

All waste shall be double bagged / wrapped in the middle stage of the airlock and transported to the sealed waste compartment in the company vehicle.

The airlock must be of a sufficient size to accommodate the safe removal of the asbestos containing waste from the enclosure.

Pre visual inspection

Following asbestos removal, the enclosure, immediate area outside the enclosure and waste and transit routes will be assessed by the Site Supervisor to determine whether all areas are clean and ready for the visual inspection to be undertaken by the independent approved analyst.

On completion the Site Supervisor once satisfied will complete the Pre-Visual Inspection Form, (QMF 0161) and issue this form to the independent analyst and then assist the analyst with the 4-stage clearance procedure.

4 Stage clearance procedure

The 4-stage clearance procedure to be undertaken in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 20, page 171.

5 Transit and Waste Routes

Transit route

The transit route will be via the airlock to the modular DCU. Distance is 15m.

Please refer to the site diagram for location of DCU.

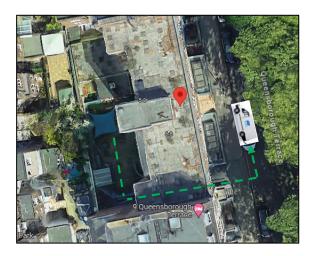
Transit procedures will be undertaken in accordance with our **SOP's** please refer to section 17, page 95.

Waste route

The waste route will be via the airlock, out the building and external paths to the sealed waste compartment in the company vehicle. Distance is 40m.

Please refer to the site diagram for details of waste route and location of company vehicle.

Waste removal will be undertaken in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 19, page 162.



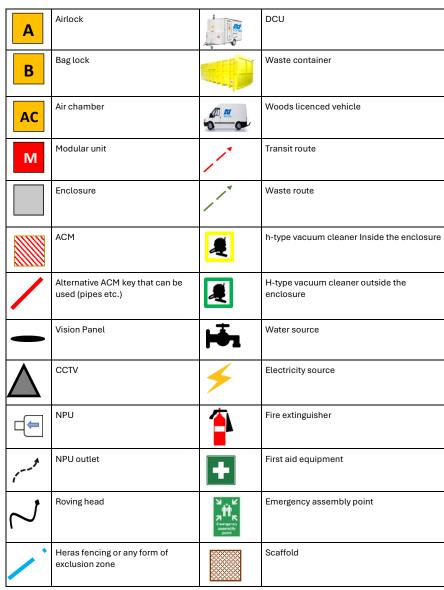
Waste details:

Sealed waste container on site	✓ If ticked, please complete below
	\square 35 yd ³
	\Box 16 yd ³
Wait and load	☐ If ticked, please complete below
	\square 35 yd ³
	\Box 16 yd ³
External waste collections	
Woods licensed vehicle	✓
Other	☐ Insert details here

Waste carriers:	Final destination:
	Di L. O
AA Woods	Pinden Quarry
Woods House	c/o AWS
River Way	Longfield
Harlow	Dartford
Essex	DA2 8EB
CM20 2DP	

6 Site Plan

Drawing legend



F2001 Asbestos Removal POW Template Rev P March 2024

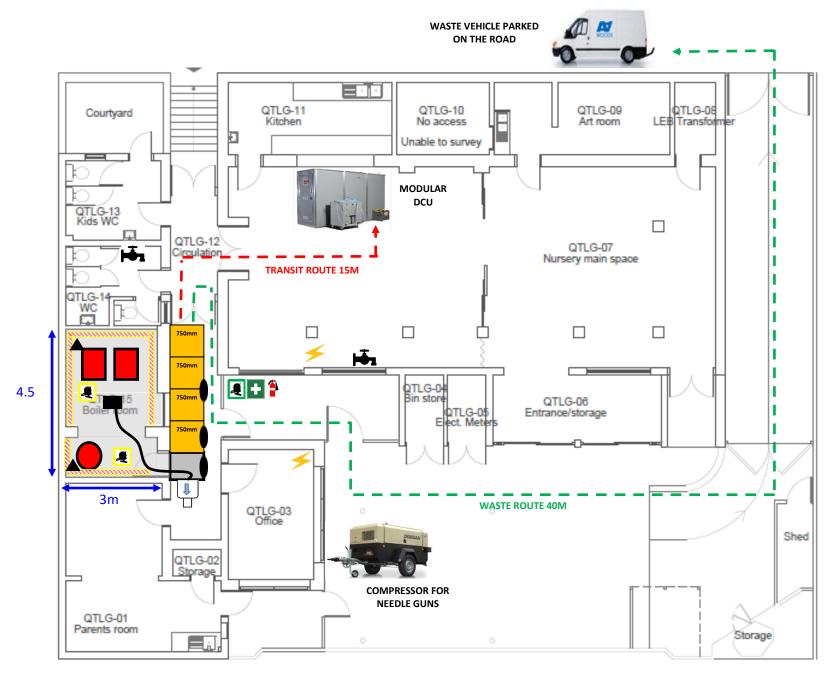
Asbestos Regulation 7 requires the site drawing within the PoW to contain all of the following:

Minimum drawing content (if applicable to the project)
Location of the enclosure(s) or work area(s)
Rooms or areas adjacent to the enclosure or work areas
Location of viewing panels and / or CCTV
Location of NPU(s)
Location of Airlock(s)
Location of Bag lock(s)
Location of H type vacuum cleaners
Location of DCU
Location of skip (and / or holding area and / or waste vehicle)
Transit route, including length
Waste route, including length
In addition it is company policy to also include the following additional information (if applicable to the project), listed within Regulation 7 as 'recommended' content
Water supply
Power supply
NPU venting route
Emergency assembly point
Air Chamber

Asbestos Regulation 7 plans of work – purpose and core principles Appendix 4: Site diagram or drawing extract

The diagram should be helpful to site teams in setting up the job in the way the plan writer wants. Drawings do not legally have to be to scale but it should be clearly shown what the main dimensions on and around the work site are.

A single diagram may not be enough to show everything which needs to be communicated to the site team, especially for large sites and/or longer or complex jobs. It may be more user friendly to have an overview diagram showing the main elements plus further detail drawings breaking the job down into manageable portions, be that by enclosure, by area, or by project phase, for example. This is another area of the PoW where photographs can add value.



7 Site Information

Site rules

- Report ALL Accidents
- Never block fire exits with materials
- No smoking within the site boundary
- Discrimination on the grounds of sex, colour, race, religion, age or sexuality will not be tolerated
- Always keep the work area clean and tidy
- No portable radios / stereos are to be used on site
- Site dress code All site staff are to wear clear and visible identification as supplied at all times whilst on site
- Personal Protective Equipment is to be worn as directed by the Company Health & Safety Policy
- All Operatives are to work in accordance with the site-specific RAMS, Standard Operating Procedures and Company Health & Safety Policy
- Your site 'first aider' is your Site Supervisor and the first aid kit is located within the DCU.

Vehicle access

Access to the site is via the side entrance to 5 Queensborough Terrace, please refer to the map below.



Site deliveries

Site deliveries must be co-ordinated and agreed with the Site Supervisor.

Welfare facilities

Toilet facilities: Located onsite



Hot and cold running water: Located onsite



Rest area: Located onsite

For further information regarding welfare, please refer to our **SOP's**, section 5, page 20.

8 Asbestos Materials Risk Assessment

Asbestos type / Analysis details	Amosite and Chrysotile thermal insulation
Quantity of asbestos being removed	Total pipework to be removed (wrap and cut) = 70 linear metres.
	Walls & ceiling to needle gun = approximately 58.5m ²
Current condition of ACM's	Poor debris to the floor have been identified
Type of fixing	Residues
High risk working methods	Working at height cannot be eliminated. Access for work at height will be via hop ups and step ladders HAVS

Asbestos survey information Has an asbestos survey been undertaken?	Yes ☑	No 🗆		Note: If a survey has been undertaken, a copy of this survey MUST be available or site.		
If yes what type of survey has been carried out?	Management	Refurbishment and demolition	Other	Please state:		
	\square					
Date of when survey was undertaken:	10/04/2024		•	•		
By whom was the survey undertaken:	Life Environme	ental				
	1					
Anticipated Airborne fibre level. (During activity after control measures)		•	•	ll monitoring on projects similar in		

Anticipated Airborne fibre level.
(During activity after control measures)

Based on recent results from previous personal monitoring on projects similar in nature, we anticipate fibre levels (during activity after control measures) to be:

<0.02 f/ml.



ENV Surveys Ltd. Formula House, 12 Upper Hollingdean Road, Brighton, East Sussex, BN1 7GA tel: (01273) 506098 e-mail: info@envsurveys.com

Registered Office: 338 London Road, Portsmouth, PO2 3JY. Registered in England no. 4490449



	AIR MONITO	RING REPORT
		Description of Works & Location / Daily Log:
Report Number:	AT0623/04/05	Cutting And Wrapping Of Pipes From Within Undercroft
Date:	21/06/2023	Enclosure 2
Client:	ICHNHST – Shane King	
	Estates Department	
	Charing Cross Hospital	
	Fulham Palace Road	
	London W6 8RF	
Asbestos Removal Contractor:	AA Woods Ltd	
Site Address:	Hamm House	
	Hammersmith Hospital	
	Du Cane Road	
	London	
	W12 0HS	
Time on site:	0900-1400	
Analyst Name and report authorise	d by: Mike Mackay	
Analysts Signature:	Maky	

@

Page 5 of 6

Person	nal Air Test Details	: Determinat	ion of Ai	rborne Fi	bre Cor	icentrat	ion										
Labora	tory (vehicle reg):	N/A	Microme	eter:		ENV01	6	NPL Ba	nd 5 v	isible:		Y	es				
Flow N	Aeter:	ENV023	HSE/NP	L test slid	le:	ENV01	7										
Timep	iece:	3202	Filter dia	ameter (m	m):												
Micros	scope:	ENV003	Graticul	e diamete	r (µm):												
Sample No.	Location	on	Test type	Pump No.	Head No.	Time on	Time off	Duration (mins)	Start flow rate	Mid flow rate	End flow rate	Sample volume (1)	Corrected volume	Fibres	Fields	Calculated result (f/ml)	Reported result (f/ml)
1	Field Media Blank				FMB												
2	Dave Fishlock		P	ENV046	ENV037	0917	1149	152	2.0		2.0	304	304	2	200	0.001	<0.02

Key: ℓ ml – fibre per millilitre of air /1 – litre / mm – millimetre / NPU – negative pressure unit / μ m – micron / mins – minutes Key for test types: C – Clearance / L – Leak test / B – Background test / R – Reassurance test / P – Personal monitoring

9	Air Monitoring St	rategy		
Air monitoring strategy				
4-stage clearance				
		Yes	No	
Are 4-stage clearance(s) required on this project?	,	✓		
If yes, please complete the table below				
Enclosure details (location)	Date to be carried out	By whom		
Boiler Room	Thursday 25 th July 2024	Airtech Analy	ysis Ltd	
		+		
Decesiones monitoring				
Reassurance monitoring		Yes	No	
Is Reassurance monitoring required on this projec	n+?		×	
If yes, please complete the table below	ж.	Ш	[**]	
	D to to be considered out	D h o m		
Location	Date to be carried out	By whom		
		<u></u>		
Background monitoring				
		Yes	No —	
Is Background monitoring required on this project	ť?		×	
If yes, please complete the table below				
Location	Date to be carried out	By whom		
		<u> </u>		
Leak testing				
5		Yes	No	
Is Leak testing required on this project?			×	
If yes, please complete the table below				
Location	Date to be carried out	By whom		
	1			
	+	+		

Personal monitoring

<u> </u>		
	Yes	No
Is Personal monitoring required on this project?	✓	
If yes, please complete the table below		

Name of individual	Date to be	Task	ACM	Type of fixing
	carried out			
Steve Smith	Thursday 18th	Removal	Pipe Insulation (Residue)	Residue
	July 2024			

For Task, ACM and Type of fixing, please select from the following:

Task	ACM	Type of fixing
Enclosure Construction	AIB	Screwed
Encapsulation	Pipe insulation (sectional)	Nailed
Removal	Pipe insulation (hand applied)	Sectional
Outside man	Pipe insulation (MMMF)	Coating
Drilling	Pipe insulation (paper lining)	Residue
Fine Clean	Sprayed insulation	Debris
Waste Run	Cement products	Glue
	Floor tiles	Plasterboard (T/c)
	Textured coating (T/c)	Concrete (T/c)
	Gasket	·

All personal monitoring <u>MUST</u> be conducted over a 4-hour time period wherever practicable.

10 Risk Assessment (Job specific)

Risk assessments

Job specific

Management of these selected job specific risks must be delivered in full accordance with the mitigation / control measures detailed overleaf.

No.	Risk	Please tick which of the following job specific risks are applicable to this project
Α	Working at height (fixed scaffold)	
В	Use of shot blasting equipment	
С	Live water services	✓
D	Live gas services	
Е	Live electrical services	
F	Manual handling (push / pull DCU into position)	✓
G	Manual handling NPU's into position	✓
Н	Manual handling Red box into position	✓
I	Manual handling 'heavy' waste from enclosure	✓
J	Heat stress in the workplace	
K	Redundant / isolated services	✓
L	Other (Please state)	✓ Manual handling wrapped pipework from the enclosure
М	Other (Please state)	✓ Manual handling electrical equipment from the enclosure
N	Other (Please state)	
0	Other (Please state)	
Р	Other (Please state)	
Q	Other (Please state)	
R	Other (Please state)	
S	Other (Please state)	
Т	Other (Please state)	
U	Other (Please state)	
V	Other (Please state)	
W	Other (Please state)	
Х	Other (Please state)	

Likelihood – Probable frequency (taking into account whatever precautions are currently being undertaken)

Improbable occurrence	
Remote occurrence	
Possible occurrence	
Probable occurrence	
Likely occurrence	

Severity of the hazard

Nil – Trivial injuries	
Low – Minor injuries	
Medium – Major Injuries in one person	
Major – Major injuries to several people	
High - Death	

Risk – the expression of the risk is then the sum of multiplying likelihood by Severity as in the grid below

	Likelihood								
		5	4	3	2	1			
	5	High	High	High	Medium	Low			
	4	High	High	Medium	Medium	Low			
rity	3	High	Medium	Medium	Low	Low			
Severity	2	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low			
Š	1	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			

Residual Risk Level	Action and timescale
LOW (1-6)	No Action is required and no documentary records need to be kept. Monitoring is required to ensure that the controls remain effective.
MEDIUM (8-12)	Efforts must be made to reduce the risk but the cost of prevention should be carefully measured. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where the medium risk is associated with extremely harmful consequences, further assessment may be necessary to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the need for improved control measures.
HIGH (15-25)	Work should not be started until the risk has been reduced. Considerable resources may have to be allocated to reduce the risk. Where the risk involves work in progress urgent action should be taken. If it is not possible to reduce the risk even with unlimited resources work has to remain prohibited.

Job specific risks

Hazard Delete as applicable	Ref. No.	Risk	s	L	R	Mitigation	s	L	R	Owner
Live water services	С	Water Leaks	4	3	12	 The hard-set insulation to be removed using the wrap and cut method has been isolated however an element of other pipework within the boiler room is live, this live pipework does not contain hard-set insulation and cannot be isolated. This live pipework is domestic hot water running at 65C and at 2 bar pressure. This pipework is clearly marked with red and white tape This pipework is insulated with foil faced MMMF insulation and is in good condition and must be carefully wiped down during the fine clean, no removal works are required to this pipework. DO NOT CUT any pipes. There is a no cut policy on this job. Full spillage kit to be on-site. 	4	1	4	Supervisor
Manual handling (push / pull DCU into position	F	Strains and sprains, Musculoskeletal disorders, hernias	3	3	9	 The DCU will need to be pushed and pulled into position within the rear car park of Highfield Court. Distance to be pushed and pulled is no more than 3 meters. The car park is flat and the surface is good. The DCU must be placed as close as possible to the final designation whilst hitched to the vehicle. Obstacles in the road must be removed before moving the DCU for clear passage to final destination Site Supervisor to be at the front of the DCU by the jockey wheel to guide the DCU, additional operative(s) are to be on the rear corner(s) of the DCU to push to final designation Clear communication from the Site Supervisor to at least one operative at all times DCU must only be pushed / pulled at a maximum of walking pace, the Site Supervisor will use the hand brake on the DCU to control the speed Handbrake must be applied anytime the DCU comes to a halt. 	3	1	3	Supervisor
Manual handling NPU's into position	G	Strains and sprains, Musculoskeletal disorders, hernias.	3	3	9	 The NPU's weigh 82kg. The NPU's have side handles and will be lifted by 2 persons from the vehicle to road level. Floor surface and route to be inspected for trip and slip hazards prior to unloading and reloading the NPU. The route is on a path and grass which is flat, the surface is fair and is all on one level from the path to the enclosure. There are no steps to contend with. Distance from vehicle to enclosure is 15m. When lifting Operatives must ensure correct lifting postures are used e.g straight back and knees bent with both persons lifting together. Gloves must be worn when lifting. 	3	1	3	Supervisor Operatives
Services that have not been isolated	К	Water Leaks Major injury	5	4	20	 Company responsible for isolation must provide confirmation that the isolation has taken place. A copy of this confirmation MUST be on site with the Site Supervisor prior to starting work. If not in place the work cannot start. 	5	1	5	Contracts Manager Supervisor

Hazard Delete as applicable	Ref. No.	Risk	s	L	R	Mitigation	s	L	R	Owner
Manual handling wrapped pipework & boiler sections from the enclosure	L	Strains and sprains, Musculoskeletal disorders, hernias.	3	3	9	 The 4" pipework weighs approximately 22kg per metre. The pipework will therefore be cut into 1m sections. The wrapped pipework must be removed using 2 persons at all times. The boiler sections will be dismantled into small, manageable sections. Waste to be transported from the enclosure using a trolly. Distance to the waste vehicle is 40m 	3	1	3	Supervisor

11 Standard Risk Assessment

Risk assessments

Standard risks

Management of these selected risks whereby the mitigation / control measures are standard must be delivered in full accordance with our SOP's, please refer to section 9, page 41.

No.	Risk	Please tick which of the following Standard risks are
1	Asbestos	applicable to this project ✓
2 - 7	Working at height	
_ ,	Tronwing at those	✓ If ticked, please complete below ☐ Tower scaffold
		☐ MEWP
		☐ Hop-Up
		□ Ladder
		✓ Stepladder
		✓ Podium steps
8	DCU	✓
9	Third party interface	
10	Fire at the workplace	✓
11	Slips, trips and falls	✓
12	Manual handling (Standard)	✓
13	Operating plant and equipment	✓
14	Noise at work	
15	Set up and use of petrol / diesel generator	
16	Site vehicle movements / deliveries	✓
17	Falls from vehicles	<u> </u>
18	Falling debris / objects when removing ceilings	
19	Waste materials	✓
20	Poor lighting	✓
21	Using and changing tools with blades (i.e. stanley knife, scrapper blades)	✓
22	Scissors	✓
23	Hand Arm Vibration (HAV's)	✓
24	Third party interface (domestic property)	
25	Vulnerable person (domestic property)	
26	Aggressive behaviour (domestic property)	
27	Pets (domestic property)	
28	Drug paraphernalia	
29	Pigeon guano	
30	Weil's disease	
31	COSHH	✓

12 Isolations

Isolations

For all services (Gas, Water, Electrical) isolations must be considered during the planning stage of the works with the relevant isolations undertaken by competent personnel. Certification of the isolations to be provided to the Site Supervisor or persons managing the project.

Service	Present Y/N	Isolated by
Water	Y	The pipework will be isolated by GEM prior to the works being undertaken
Gas, medical gas and oxygen	N	Not applicable.
Electricity	Y	Isolated by GEM prior to the works being undertaken
Boilers	Y	Isolated by GEM prior to the works being undertaken
Other isolation requirements	N/A	There are no other services within the boiler room

Notes

A load list for all projects whereby live water services are present will include a standard spillage / repair kit made up of the following items.

This kit will enable the pipe work to be temporarily repaired and any subsequent excess water created from the damaged pipe removed.

- Pipe clamps (various sizes)
- Denzo tape
- Eli-wrap pipe repair bandage
- Eco sustainable absorbent compound / granules
- Wet-vac
- Sump pump
- Wheelie bin
- H- type vacuum
- Tak rags
- 500g asbestos sacks

13 Access Equipment

Equipment type	Required
Hop-Ups	✓
Ladder	
Step Ladder	✓
Podium Steps	
Mobile Tower	
Scaffold	
Other access equipment (please give further details)	



Hop-Up

Lockable steel hinges and anti-slip feet, suitable for low level access. Non slip platform feet and rungs.

Measurements:

Closed: L x W x H: 600mm x 700mm x 200mm. Working: L x W x H: 930mm x 700 x 500mm.

Maximum safe working load:

150kg

Weight:

5.2kg



Step Ladder

A step ladder can be used for short duration work. The ladder should have good non slip foot threads. The 3 points of contact rule must be adhered to at all times

Platform height:

1.5-2.5m.

Operatives are not permitted to stand on the top tread.

Must be inspected pre-use.

Never use on an open scaffold or platform. Only use if other options are not viable.

14 PPE/RPE

Types of PPE and RPE to be used:

PPE and PPE to be used in accordance with our **SOP's**, please refer to section 10, page 50.

Further PPE and RPE:

Hard hat	
Glasses	
Hearing protection	
Dust mask	
Gloves (anti vibration)	✓
Gloves (cut resistant)	✓
Gloves (heat and water resistant)	
Gloves (electricians insulating latex gloves)	

Other PPE:

No further RPE required.

15 Emergency Information

Nearest A&E hospital:

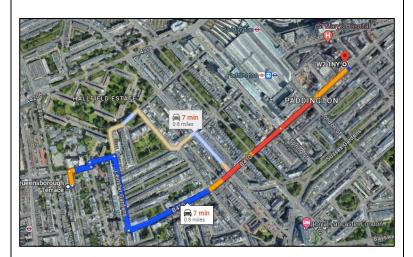
St Marys Hospital

Praed Street London W2 1NY

T: 01438 314333

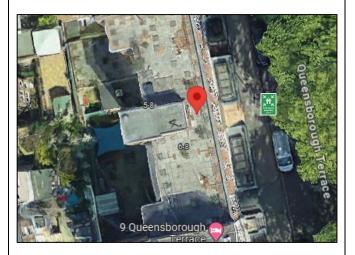
Distance: 0.8 miles away

A&E directions:



Emergency assembly point:

The emergency assembly point will be located adjacent the van parked outside the front of the building



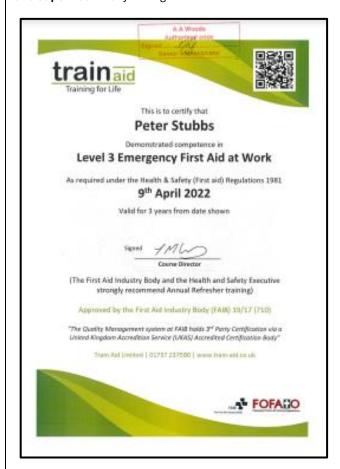
Firefighting equipment:

Fire extinguisher (powder)



First aid personnel:

Site Supervisor: Tony Willing



First aid equipment:

First aid Kit Eye wash

Each project will have allocated a suitable first aid kit of the appropriate size for the number of Operative engaged with the project. The Site Supervisor will be suitably trained to deal with minor injuries should they occur.





Emergency contacts	Contact name	Telephone number	Alternative number
Site Supervisor	Tony Willing	07908 304 377	Not applicable
Contracts Director	Luke Mulvey	07712 139 707	01279 444 630
Health & Safety Manager	Gary Bambury	07387 108 690	01279 444 630

Incident hot line 07880 192 937

General emergency procedures

For all standard emergency procedures, please refer to our **SOP's**, section 4, page 14.

16 Acceptance of the Method Statement

All personnel working on this project **MUST** sign below to say that they have fully read and understood all of the items included in this method statement and the associated Risk / COSHH Assessments. By signing, each Operative confirms that he / she will work to it correctly as instructed.

Print name of Site Supervisor	Signature	Date		
When signing this section, the Site Supervisor is confirming that the method is appropriate for the task in hand and that any amendments that are minor in nature, have been authorised by the Site Supervisor and are detailed in the amendment page. Work is not allowed to proceed if major changes are required (including drawing revisions, changes to method etc.) until a full revision of the POW has been issued to site.				
Print name of Operative(s)	Signature	Date		
rint name of Operative(s)	Signature	Date		

17 Amendments

Major amendments completed by:	
Luke Mulvey	

Minor amendments completed by:

	•	
Tony Willing		

Amendments to this Plan of Work will be communicated to all site personnel by way of a toolbox talk, which will be recorded within the site paperwork.

Amendment	Date	Initials

18 COSHH data sheets required

These are located on EasyBOP under the Docs section, Collateral sub heading. Collateral list 'Woods Site Document' COSHH Assessments. Select the orange view button.

Details	Pages	Required	Details	Pages	Required
Pine Disinfectant	4-6	✓	Bleach	7-9	
Washing Up Liquid	10-11		Colt 4/Smoke Fluid A	12-14	✓
Masonry Wash	15-16		X-TEX Textured Coatings Remover	17-19	
PU-Foam Cleaner	20-22		ET-150 / ET-10	23-25	
PU foam filler (expanding foam)	26-28	✓	Firecryl FR	29-30	
Wetting Agent (Aquagrip, Astrip)	31-32	✓	Non-hazardous tape, foil & polythene	33-34	✓
Wood dust (sawdust)	35-36	✓	Silica and general workplace dust	37-38	✓
Machine Made Mineral Fibre (MMMF)	39-40		Cutting, grinding etc.	41-43	✓
Storage of substances	44-45		Silicone	46-48	
LPG for DCU	49-50	✓	Diesel	51-53	
Spray Adhesive	54-56	✓	Clingfoam	57-58	